

**VILLAGE FARMS INTERNATIONAL, INC. (the “Company”)
MANDATE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The purpose of this document is to summarize the governance and management roles and responsibilities of the board of directors of the Company (the “Board”).

1. ACCOUNTABILITY

The Board is responsible to shareholders.

2. ROLE

The role of the Board is to focus on governance and stewardship of the business carried on by the Company as a whole. The Board will review strategy, assign responsibility for achievement of that strategy, and monitor performance against those objectives. In fulfilling this role, the Board will regularly review the strategic plans developed by management so that they continue to be responsive to the changing business environment in which the Company operates.

3. RESPONSIBILITIES

In order that the Board fulfills its role, the Board will:

(a) Define Shareholder Expectations

- Satisfy itself that there is effective communication between the Board and the Company’s shareholders, other stakeholders, and the public.
- Determine, from time to time, the appropriate criteria against which to evaluate performance, and set corporate strategic goals and objectives within this context.

(b) Establish Strategic Goals, Performance Objectives, Operational Policies and Identify Principal Risks

The Board will review and approve broad strategic corporate objectives and establish corporate values against which the performance of the Company will be measured. In this regard, the Board will, at least annually:

- Approve long-term strategies;
- Review and approve management of the Company’s strategic and operational plans so that they are consistent with long-term goals;
- Approve strategic and operational policies within which management of the Company will operate;
- Identify the principal risks of the Company and ensure implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- Set targets against which to measure corporate and executive performance of the Company;

- Satisfy itself that a portion of executive compensation is linked appropriately to Company performance; and
 - Satisfy itself that a process is in place with respect to the appointment, development, evaluation and succession of senior management of the Company.
- (c) **Delegate Management Authority to the Chief Executive Officer**
- Ensure that the Board delegates to the Chief Executive Officer the authority to manage and supervise the business of the Company and decisions regarding the ordinary course of business and operations.
 - Determine what, if any, executive limitations may be required in the exercise of the authority delegated to management.
- (d) **Monitor Corporate Performance**
- Understand, assess and monitor the principal risks of all aspects of the businesses in which the Company is engaged.
 - Monitor performance of the Company against both short-term and long-term strategic plans and annual performance targets, and monitor compliance with Board policies and the effectiveness of risk management practices.
 - Ensure that the boards of directors of the Company's subsidiaries monitor compliance by management of its subsidiaries with internal controls and effective management information systems.
- (e) **Develop Board Processes**
- Develop an approach relating to the conduct of the Board's business and the fulfillment of the Board's responsibilities.
 - Develop the Board's approach to corporate governance through the Board's Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee.

4. QUALIFICATIONS OF DIRECTORS

Directors are expected to have the highest personal and professional ethics and values and be committed to advancing the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. They are also expected to possess skills and competencies in areas that are relevant to the Company's activities and that enhance the ability of the Board to effectively oversee the business and affairs of the Company.

A majority of the Board must be independent. Independent shall have the meaning, as the context requires, given to it in National Instrument 52-110 *Audit Committees*, as may be amended from time to time. The chairperson of the Board (the "Chair of the Board") must be an independent director. The Chair of the Board should act as the effective leader of the Board and ensure that the Board's agenda will enable it to successfully carry out its duties. The position description for the Chair of the Board is attached hereto as Schedule A.

Each director must have an understanding of the Company's principal operational and financial objectives, plans and strategies, financial position and performance as well as the performance of the Company relative to its principal competitors. Directors must have sufficient time to carry out their duties and not assume responsibilities that would materially interfere with, or be incompatible with, Board membership. Directors, who experience a significant change in their personal circumstances, including a change in their principal occupation, are expected to advise the chairperson of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

(the “Committee Chair”) and, if determined appropriate by the Board on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, resign from the Board.

5. MEETINGS

The Board has meetings at least once in each quarter, with additional meetings held when required. Additional meetings may be called by the Chair of the Board or any two directors on proper notice. Board meetings may be held by telephonic means.

The Chair of the Board is primarily responsible for the agenda. Prior to each Board meeting, the Chair of the Board will discuss agenda items for the meeting with the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and other members of the Board. Any director may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda, request the presence of, or a report by any member of senior management of the Company, or at any Board meeting raise subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

The Audit and Risk Committee of the Company has meetings quarterly, with additional meetings held when required. The Compensation Committee and the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee of the Company have meetings as often as deemed necessary. Meeting frequency and agendas for the standing committees may change from time to time, however, depending on opportunities or risks faced by the Company and its subsidiaries. The committee chairperson or any two members of a committee may call a committee meeting, request that an item be included on the committee’s agenda or raise subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.

Audit and Risk Committee meetings can also be called by the Company’s auditor or the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Notice of the place, day and time of each Board or committee meeting must be served on each director or manager at least 48 hours prior to the meeting. Directors or committee members, however, may waive notice of any meeting. Attendance of a director, in person or by telephone, at a Board meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of that meeting except, with respect to Board meetings, in circumstances described in the By-laws of the Company (the “By-laws”). The notice needs to state the purpose or purposes for which the meeting of directors or managers is being held.

(a) Procedures for Board Meetings

- Subject to the Company’s By-laws, procedures for Board meetings are determined by the Chair of the Board unless otherwise determined by a resolution of the Board.
- Subject to the Company’s By-laws, procedures for committee meetings are determined by the committee chairperson unless otherwise determined by a resolution of the committee or the Board.
- A quorum for any Board or committee meeting shall be as required by the constating documents of the Company.

6. DIRECTORS’ RESPONSIBILITIES

(a) Attendance and Participation

- Each director is expected to attend all meetings of the Board and any committee of which he or she is a member. A director who is unable to attend a meeting in person may participate by telephone or teleconference. The Board or any committee may also take action from time to time by unanimous written consent.
- In advance of each Board or committee meeting, members will receive the proposed agenda and other materials necessary to the directors’ understanding of the matters to

be considered. Directors are expected to spend the time needed to review the materials in advance of such meetings and to actively participate in such meetings.

(b) Service on Other Boards and Audit and Risk Committee

- The Board does not believe that its members should be prohibited from serving on the boards of other public companies so long as these commitments do not materially interfere and are compatible with their ability to fulfill their duties as a member of the Board. Directors must advise the Chair of the Board in advance of accepting an invitation to serve on the board of another public company and, as a general rule, directors are not allowed to join a board of another public company on which two or more other directors of the Company serve.

(c) Access to Independent Advisors

- The Board and any committee may at any time retain outside financial, legal or other advisors at the expense of the Company and have the authority to determine the advisors' fees and other retention terms. Any director may, subject to the approval of the Chair of the Board, retain an outside advisor at the expense of the Company.

7. EVALUATION OF BOARD, DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES

The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, in consultation with the Chair of the Board, will ensure that an appropriate system is in place to evaluate and perform an annual evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole as well as the committees of the Board, and the boards of directors or managers and board committees of the Company's subsidiaries, to ensure they are fulfilling their respective responsibilities and duties. In connection with these evaluations, each director will be requested to provide his or her assessment of the effectiveness of the Board and each committee as well as the performance of individual directors. These evaluations should take into account the competencies and skills each director is expected to bring to his or her particular role on the Board or on a committee, as well as any other relevant facts. The position description for a committee chairperson is attached hereto as Schedule B.

8. MANAGEMENT

(a) Management's Role

- The primary responsibility of management of the Company is to safeguard the Company's assets and to create wealth for shareholders. When performance is found to be inadequate, the Board has the responsibility to bring about appropriate change.
- Management of the Company is under the direction of its Chief Executive Officer. The Board shall take such steps as it deems necessary to satisfy itself as to the integrity of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers of the Company and that such individuals create a culture of integrity throughout the Company.

(b) Management's Relationship to the Board

- Senior management of the Company, primarily through the Chief Executive Officer, reports to and is accountable to the Board.
- Business plans are developed to ensure the compatibility of shareholder, Board and management views on the Company and the Company's subsidiaries' strategic direction, performance targets and utilization of shareholders' equity. A meeting of the Board is held each year to review the strategic initiatives and the business plan submitted by senior management of the Company.

(c) Board Access to Management

- Information provided by management to directors is critical to their effectiveness. In addition to the reports presented to the Board at its regular and special meetings, the Board is also kept informed on a timely basis by management of the Company with respect to developments and key decisions taken by management in pursuing the Company's business plan. The directors periodically assess the quality, completeness and timeliness of information provided by management to the Board.

(d) Management Performance Review and Rewards

- The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee of the Company annually reviews the position description of the Chief Executive Officer. The Compensation Committee establishes objectives against which the CEO's performance is reviewed, with his or her compensation or level being assessed against these agreed objectives. Similar reviews and assessments are undertaken for other members of senior management in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer.
- The compensation plans of the Company are based on maintaining a direct link between management rewards and the wealth created for shareholders.

9. COMMUNICATION AND DISCLOSURE POLICIES

The Company has adopted a Disclosure and Insider Trading Policy, which summarizes its policies and practices regarding disclosure of material information to investors, analysts and the media. The purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Company's communications with the investment community are timely, consistent and in compliance with all applicable securities legislation. The Disclosure and Insider Trading Policy is reviewed annually by the Board and is available on the Company's website.

The Company endeavors to keep its shareholders informed of its progress through a comprehensive annual report, annual information form, quarterly interim reports and periodic press releases. It also maintains a website that provides summary information about the Company and ready access to its published reports, press releases, statutory filings and supplementary information provided to analysts and investors. Directors and management meet with the Company's shareholders at the annual meeting and are available to respond to questions at that time.

The Company also maintains an investor relations program to respond to inquiries in a timely manner. Management meets on a regular basis with investment analysts, financial advisors and interested members of the public to ensure that accurate information is available to investors, including quarterly conference calls to discuss the Company's financial results. The Company also endeavors to ensure that the media is kept informed of developments as they occur and have an opportunity to meet and discuss these developments with the Company's designated spokespersons.

10. CODE OF ETHICS AND WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

The Board expects all directors, managers, officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries to conduct themselves in accordance with the highest ethical standards and to adhere to the Company's Code of Ethics and Whistleblower Policy (the "Code"). Any waiver of the Code for officers, directors or managers may only be made by the Board or the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and will be disclosed to shareholders by the Company to the extent required by law, regulation or stock exchange requirement.

11. PROHIBITION ON PERSONAL LOANS

The Company will not, either directly or indirectly, including through its subsidiaries, extend or maintain credit, arrange for the extension of credit, or renew an extension of credit, in the form of a personal loan to or for any director or executive officer.

12. FEEDBACK

The Board welcomes input and comments from shareholders of the Company. Input or comments for the Board or its committees should be directed to the Company Secretary at:

Board of Directors of Village Farms International, Inc.
c/o Stephen C. Ruffini, Company Secretary
Village Farms International, Inc.
4700 - 80th Street
Delta, British Columbia
V4K 3N3

SCHEDULE A

Position Description of Chairperson of the Board (the “Chair of the Board”)

The Chair of the Board of the Company is principally responsible for overseeing the operations and affairs of the Board. In fulfilling his or her responsibilities, the Chair of the Board will:

- (a) provide leadership to foster the effectiveness of the Board;
- (b) ensure there is an effective relationship between the Board and senior management of the Company;
- (c) ensure that the appropriate committee structure is in place and assist the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee in making recommendations for appointments to such committees;
- (d) in consultation with the other members of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, prepare the agenda for each meeting of the Board;
- (e) ensure that all directors receive the information required for the proper performance of their duties, including information relevant to each meeting of the Board;
- (f) chair Board meetings, including stimulating debate, providing adequate time for discussion of issues, facilitating consensus, encouraging full participation and discussion by individual directors and confirming that clarity regarding decision-making is reached and accurately recorded;
- (g) together with the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, ensure that an appropriate system is in place to evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, the Board’s committees and individual directors, and make recommendations to the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee for changes when appropriate;
- (h) work with the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and other members of senior management to monitor progress on strategic planning, policy implementation and succession planning; and
- (i) provide additional services required by the Board.

SCHEDULE B

Position Description of a Committee Chairperson (a “Committee Chair”)

A Committee Chair is principally responsible for overseeing the operations and affairs of his or her particular committee. In fulfilling his or her responsibilities, a Committee Chair will:

- (a) provide leadership to foster the effectiveness of the committee;
- (b) ensure there is an effective relationship between the Board and the committee;
- (c) ensure that the appropriate charter is in effect and assist the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee in making recommendations for amendments to the charter;
- (d) in consultation with the other members of the committee and Board, where appropriate, prepare the agenda for each meeting of the committee;
- (e) ensure that all committee members receive the information required for the proper performance of their duties, including information relevant to each meeting of the committee;
- (f) chair committee meetings, including stimulating debate, providing adequate time for discussion of issues, facilitating consensus, encouraging full participation and discussion by individual members and confirming that clarity regarding decision-making is reached and accurately recorded; and
- (g) together with the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, ensure that an appropriate system is in place to evaluate the performance of the committee as a whole, the committee’s individual members, and make recommendations to the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee for changes when appropriate; and provide additional services required by the Board.